

Reliability Assessments Scope

- **Per paragraph 8.2.4 of the MAR and PAIP**

“ When necessary/prudent or when agreed upon with the GSFC Project Office, Glast LAT will perform *comparative numerical reliability assessments* to:

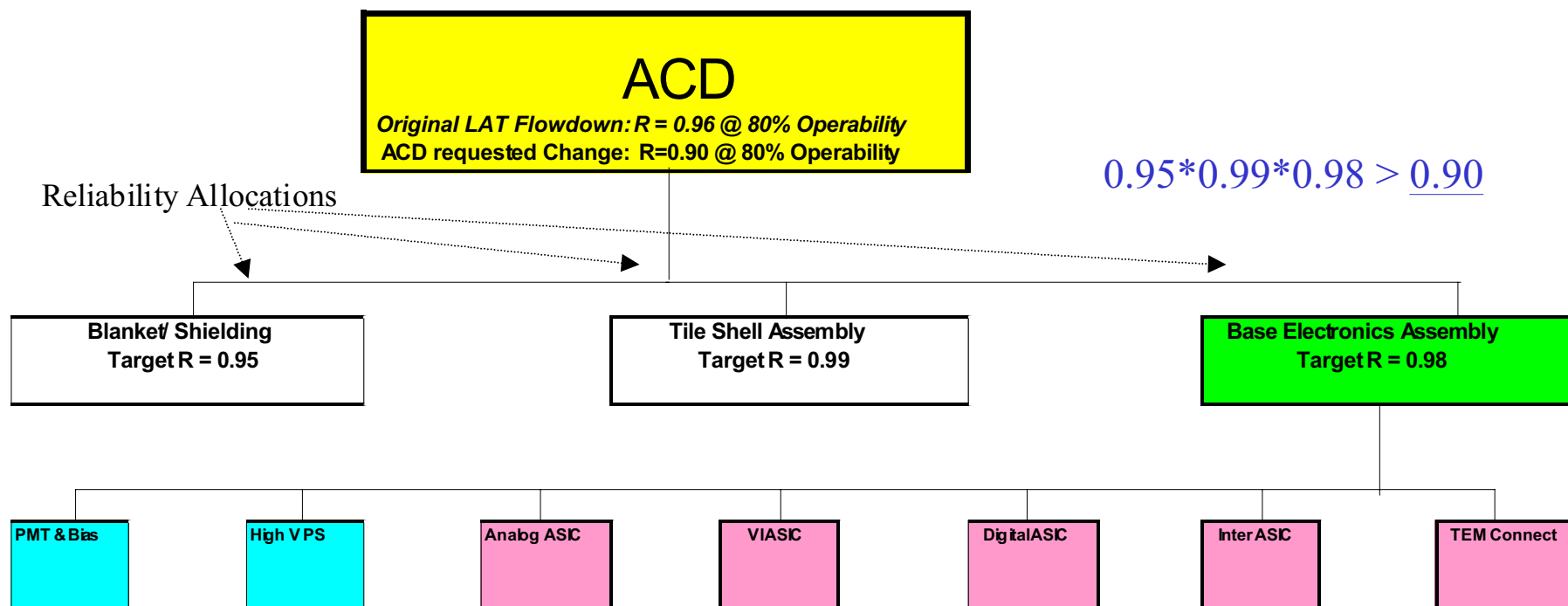
- a) *Evaluate alternate design concepts, redundancy and cross-strapping approaches, and part substitutions*
- b) Identify the elements of design which are the greatest detractors of system reliability
- c) Identify those potential mission limiting elements and components that will require special attention in part selection, testing, environmental isolation, and/or special operations
- d) Assist in evaluating the ability of the design to achieve mission life requirement and other reliability goals as applicable
- e) Evaluate impact of proposed engineering changes and waiver requests on Reliability

Reliability Assessments Scope (cont.)

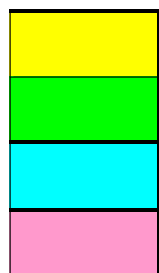
In accordance with *a) of paragraph 8.2.4* of the PAIP and MAR, a numerical assessment was performed to evaluate different High Voltage Power Supply redundancy approaches in order to maximize the probability for mission success over the life (*5 Year MINIMUM!!*) of GLAST

The ACD Reliability Target, flowed-down from the LAT, was originally 0.96 at 80% operability (that is, less than 20% degradation of the effective LAT area) over 5 years minimum. A change from 0.96 to 0.90 was requested in order to maintain the 0.95 target for the meteorite shield as defined in our Level 3 specification (1% chance of a puncture somewhere per year), which is documented on the next page.

GLAST ACD - Comparative Numerical Assessments



Legend:



Reliability/Operability Goal flowdown from SLAC

Target area for Comparative Numerical Assessments

Reliability Estimates based on Mil-217F and supplier data

Reliability allocated as needed to meet SLAC flowdown

GLAST ACD - Comparative Numerical Assessments (cont.)

Base Configuration: 12 ACD Event Processor boards with 18 PMTs, 18 VI_ADC ASICs, 18 Analog ASICs, 2 Digital ASICs, 1 Interface ASIC, & 1 TEM Interconnect each

High Voltage P/S Redundancy configurations analyzed:

- A - 1 P/S per board, 0 stand-by (1 active P/S per 18 PMTs)
- B - 2 P/S per board, 1 stand-by (1 active P/S per 18 PMTs)
- C - 3 P/S per board, 2 stand-by (1 active P/S per 18 PMTs)
- D - 2 P/S per board, 0 stand-by (2 active P/S per 9 PMTs)
- E - 4 P/S per board, 2 stand-by (2 active P/S per 9 PMTs)
- F - 6 P/S per board, 4 stand-by (2 active P/S per 9 PMTs)

Key Points

- Assumptions (see next page) are subject to change
- Intent of analysis is to show sensitivity to P/S redundancy

GLAST ACD - Comparative Numerical Assessments (cont.)

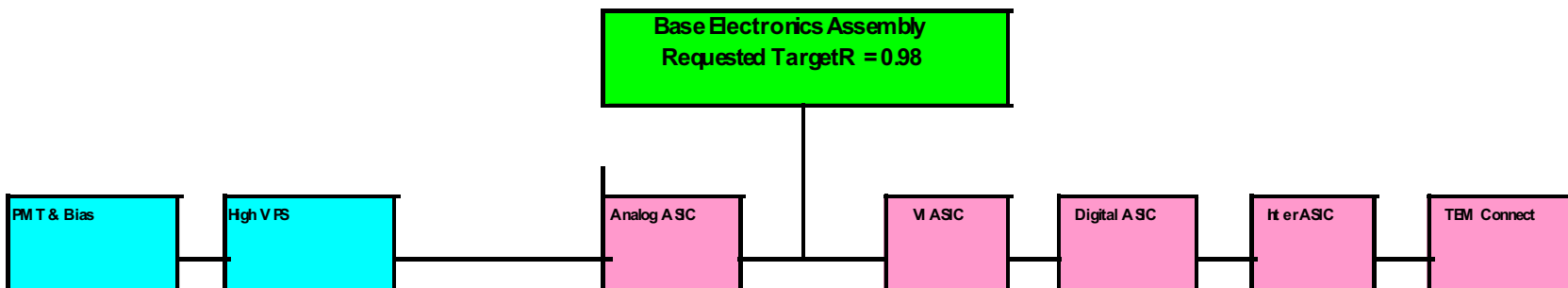
Assumptions/Ground Rules

- ACD Base Electronics Assembly allocation is 0.98, flowed down from the ACD reliability target of 0.96 reliability at 80% operability or, in other words, no more than 20% degradation of the overall effective LAT area

TEAM requesting that the ACD reliability target be lowered to 0.90

- Inability to process information from more than 1 tile constitutes failure (where data from at least one tile PMTs is required in order to process data)
- The ACD is broken down into 7 major components: PMT & Bias, High Voltage P/S, Analog ASIC, VI ASIC, Digital ASIC, Interconnect ASIC, & TEM Connect. Failure rates are estimated for the PMT & Bias and High Voltage P/S only. All other reliability values are represented as allocations
- P/S failure rates are based on Mil-STD-217F (notice 2) without considerations to temperature or derating. PMT failure rates are based on Hamamatsu projections for fully screened space parts. Solder connection and board reliability are not considered
- Fourteen of 18 PMTs are to be functional per board
- Stand-by switching is perfect

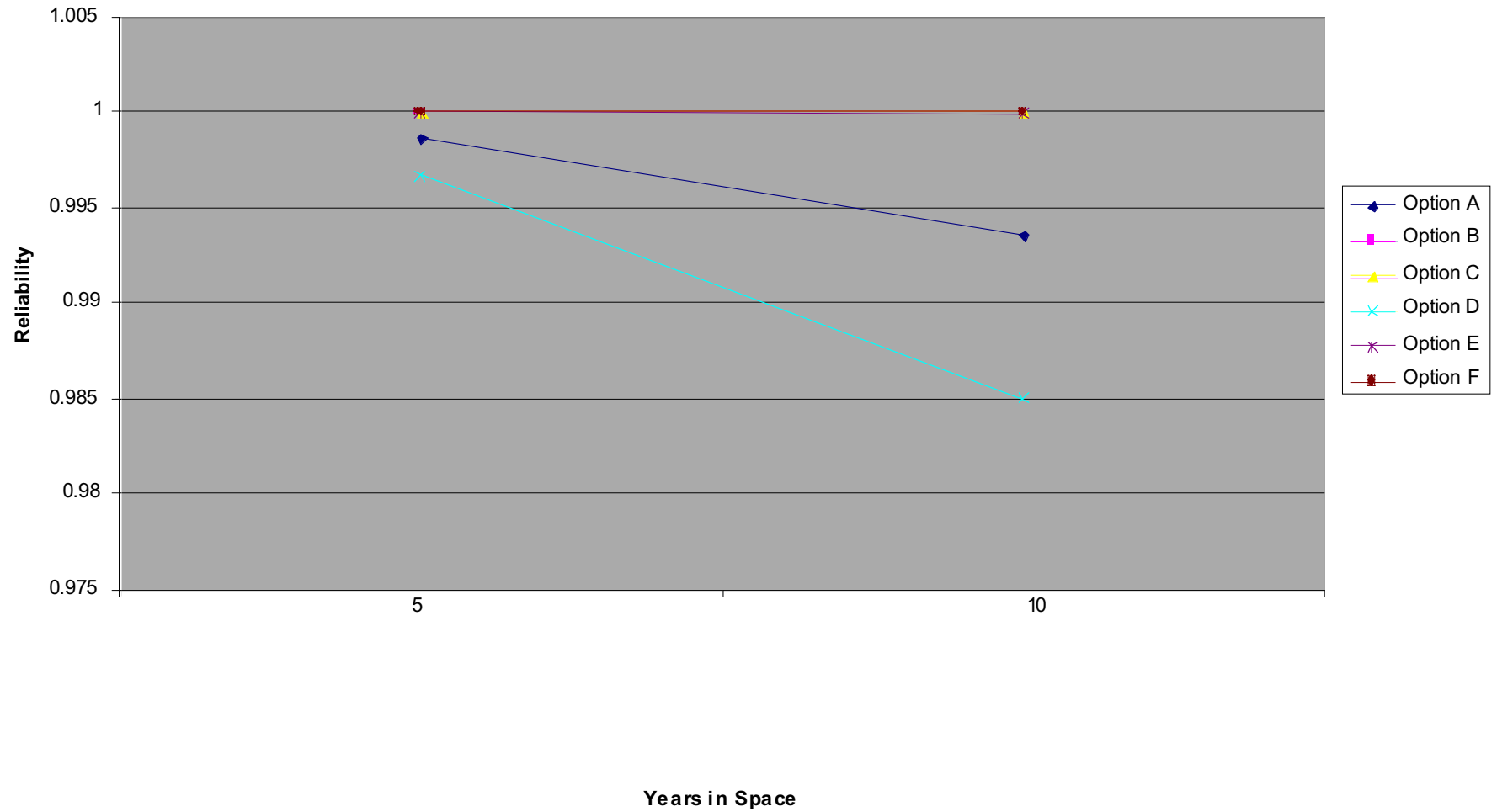
GLAST ACD - Comparative Numerical Assessments (cont.)



Options	Estimated Reliability (5 yr)					Required Allocation (5 yr)
A	0.99999994	x	0.99870416	=	0.998704154	0.98127158
B	0.99999994	x	0.99999814	=	0.99999808	0.98000019
C	0.99999994	x	0.9999997	=	0.99999964	0.98000004
D	0.99999994	x	0.9967	=	0.99669994	0.98324471
E	0.99999994	x	0.999970726	=	0.99997072	0.9800287
F	0.99999994	x	0.99999	=	0.999998994	0.98000099

Options	Estimated Reliability (10 yr)					Required Allocation (10 yr)
A	0.99999994	x	0.993601386	=	0.99360138	0.98631103
B	0.99999994	x	0.99998553	=	0.99998524	0.98001419
C	0.99999994	x	0.9999997	=	0.99999964	0.98000004
D	0.99999994	x	0.98499	=	0.98498994	0.99498396
E	0.99999994	x	0.999937697	=	0.999937691	0.98006107
F	0.99999994	x	0.99999	=	0.999998994	0.98000099

Power Supply Reliability over time



Back-up Materials

PER MIL217-F /HV in series,

ACD - HVPS Failure

3.79E-01 failures/10⁶ hours

Translates into 3.32E-03 failures/year

MTBF - Years/failure

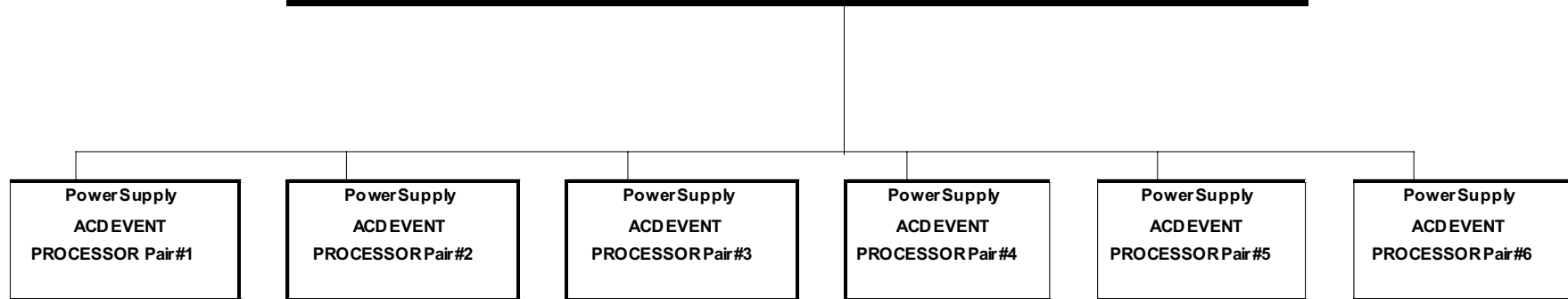
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Hours/Year	8760
Transistor, NPN	ST1, ST2
Years/Failure	146917.96
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	7.77E-04
Quantity	3
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	7.40E-04
PI_Q	7.00E-01
PI_E	5.00E-01
Switching/Zenor Diode	ST3, ST4
Years/Failure	15531.33
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	7.35E-03
Quantity	7
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	3.00E-03
PI_Q	7.00E-01
PI_E	5.00E-01
High Voltage Diode	ST5
Years/Failure	415.11
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	2.75E-01
Quantity	20
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	5.00E-03
PI_Q	5.50E+00
PI_E	5.00E-01
Op Amp	ST6
Years/Failure	3004.09
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	3.80E-02
Quantity	1
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	3.80E-02
PI_Q	1.00E+00
PI_E	1.00E+00
RM1206 Resistor	ST7
Years/Failure	24682.22
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	4.63E-03
Quantity	25
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	3.70E-03
PI_Q	1.00E-01
PI_E	5.00E-01

Hours/Year	8760
Capacitor, Ceramic	ST8
Years/Failure	11891171.99
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	9.60E-06
Quantity	8
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	2.40E-03
PI_C	1.00E-03
PI_S	5.00E-01
HV Resistor	ST9
Years/Failure	1585489.60
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	7.20E-05
Quantity	2
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	2.40E-03
PI_Q	3.00E-02
PI_E	5.00E-01
Inductor MPP Core	ST10
Years/Failure	253678335.87
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	4.50E-07
Quantity	1
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	3.00E-05
PI_Q	3.00E-02
PI_E	5.00E-01
Transformer, CM	ST11
Years/Failure	21139.86
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	5.40E-03
Quantity	1
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	5.40E-03
PI_Q	1.00E+00
PI_E	5.00E-01
Transformer, Pulse	ST12
Years/Failure	3.03E+09
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	1.10E-02
Quantity	1
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	2.20E-02
PI_Q	1.00E+00
PI_E	5.00E-01

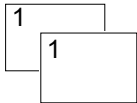
Hours/Year	8760
Transformer, Osc.	ST13
Years/Failure	4659.40
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	2.45E-02
Quantity	1
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	4.90E-02
PI_Q	1.00E+00
PI_E	5.00E-01
Capacitor, Tantalum	ST14
Years/Failure	475646.88
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	2.40E-04
Quantity	1
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	4.00E-04
PI_C	1.20E+00
PI_E	5.00E-01
Capacitor, HV 20pF	ST15
Years/Failure	329452.38
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	3.47E-04
Quantity	2
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	9.90E-04
PI_C	3.50E-01
PI_E	5.00E-01
Capacitor, HV 6800pF	ST16
Years/Failure	10676.70
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	1.07E-02
Quantity	20
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	9.90E-04
PI_C	5.40E-01
PI_E	5.00E-01
Capacitor, HV 6800pF	ST17
Years/Failure	8.42E+08
L_P_Total (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	9.90E-04
Quantity	2
L_g (fail/10 ⁶ hours)	9.90E-04
PI_C	5.40E-01
PI_E	5.00E-01

High Voltage Power Supply

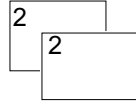


Detailed Breakout

Board A

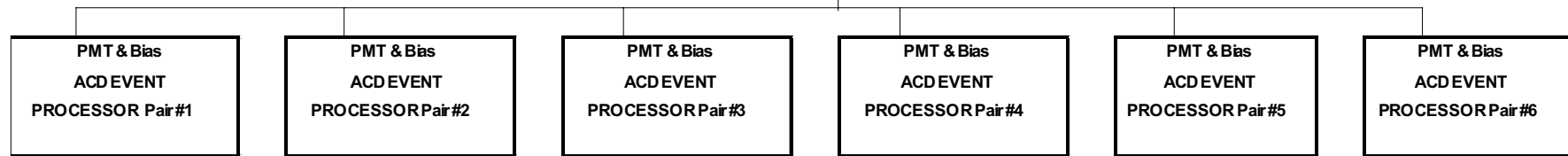


Board B

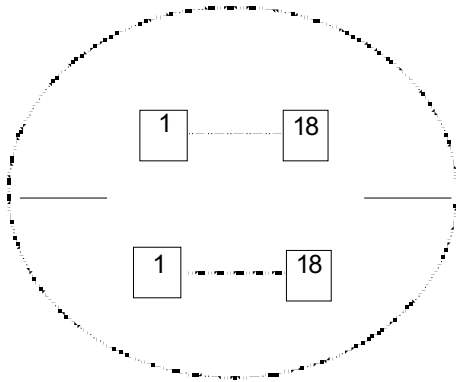


No paired P/S can fail simultaneously

PMT & Bias



Detailed Breakout



- 18 PMTs per board, 32 PMTs per pair
14 of 18 redundancy required per board